## IN THE CLAIMS:

The following is a listing of the pending claims. This listing of the Claims replaces all prior versions and listings of the Claims in the application. Please amend the Claims as indicated hereinbelow. Any Claim that is cancelled is cancelled without prejudice.

1-19. (Cancelled)

20. (Previously Presented) A method for the prophylaxis or treatment of migraine headaches in a patient comprising administering to said patient a headache relieving effective amount of a compound of the formula:

$$R - NH - C - CNH - C - R_1$$

$$0 R_3 0$$

wherein

R is aryl lower alkyl, and R is unsubstituted or is substituted with at least one electron withdrawing group or electron donating group;

 $R_1$  is lower alkyl\_and  $R_1$  is unsubstituted or substituted with an electron donating group or electron withdrawing group;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, aryl lower alkyl, aryl, halo, heterocyclic, heterocyclic lower alkyl, lower alkyl heterocyclic, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkyl lower alkyl, or Z-Y,

R<sub>3</sub> is lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, aryl, aryl lower alkyl, halo, heterocyclic, heterocyclic lower alkyl, lower alkyl heterocyclic, lower cycloalkyl, lower

cycloalkyl lower alkyl or ZY; wherein R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> may be unsubstituted or substituted with at least one electron withdrawing group or electron donating group and wherein heterocyclic in R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> is furyl, thienyl, pyrazolyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, indoyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl; piperidyl, pyrrolinyl, piperazinyl, quinolyl, triazoyl, tetrazolyl, isoquinolyl, benzofuryl, benzothienyl, morpholinyl, benzoxazolyl, tetrahydrofuryl, pyranyl, indazolyl, purinyl, indolinyl, pyrazolindinyl, imidazolinyl, imidazolindinyl, pyrrolidinyl, furazanyl, N-methylindolyl, methylfuryl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, epoxy, aziridino, oxetanyl, or azetidinyl;

Z is O, or NR<sub>6</sub>';

Y is hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, aryl lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, or lower alkynyl, and Y may be unsubstituted or substituted with an electron donating group or an electron withdrawing group, or

ZY taken together is NR<sub>4</sub>NR<sub>5</sub>R<sub>7</sub>, NR<sub>4</sub>OR<sub>5</sub>, or ONR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>7</sub>

 $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, aryl lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, or lower alkynyl, wherein  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently unsubstituted or substituted with an electron withdrawing group or an electron donating group; and

 $R_6$ ' is hydrogen or lower alkyl and  $R_6$ ' may be unsubstituted or substituted with an electron withdrawing group or an electron donating group;

R<sub>7</sub> is COOR<sub>8</sub> COR<sub>8</sub>, hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, or aryl lower alkyl, which R<sub>7</sub> may be unsubstituted or substituted with an electron withdrawing group or electron donating group;

R<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen or lower alkyl, or aryl lower-alkyl, and the aryl or alkyl group may be unsubstituted or substituted with an electron withdrawing group or an electron donating group; and

n is 1;

wherein

the electron withdrawing group and electron donating group are selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, formyl, aryl, trifluoromethyl, aryl lower alkanoyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl, mercapto, lower alkylthio and lower alkyldithio.

- 21. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20 wherein R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen.
- 22-24. (Cancelled)
- 25. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 20 wherein R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, aryl lower alkyl, heterocyclic, heterocyclic lower alkyl or ZY; and R<sub>3</sub> is lower alkyl, aryl, aryl lower alkyl, heterocyclic, heterocyclic lower alkyl or ZY; wherein R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> are independently unsubstituted or substituted by an with said electron withdrawing group or electron donating group.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 25 wherein R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen and R<sub>3</sub> is lower alkyl, aryl, aryl lower alkyl, heterocyclic, heterocyclic lower alkyl, or ZY;

which R<sub>3</sub> may be unsubstituted or substituted with an said electron withdrawing group or electron donating group.

- 27. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 26 wherein R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen and R<sub>3</sub> is lower alkyl, which may be unsubstituted or substituted with an said electron donating or electron withdrawing group.
- 28. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 26 wherein  $R_3$  is lower alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted with hydroxy or lower alkoxy or NR<sub>4</sub>OR<sub>5</sub> wherein  $R_4$ , and  $R_5$  are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl,  $R_5$  is aryl lower alkyl, which aryl group may be unsubstituted or substituted with an said electron withdrawing group and  $R_1$  is lower alkyl.
  - 29. (Original) The method according to Claim 26 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is heterocyclic.
- 30. (Original) The method according to Claim 29 wherein heterocyclic is heteroaromatic.
- 31. (Original) The method according to Claim 30 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is furyl, pyridyl, thienyl or thiazolyl.
  - 32. (Original) The method according to Claim 28 wherein aryl is phenyl.

- 33. (Original) The method according to Claim 28 wherein aryl is phenyl and is unsubstituted or substituted with halo.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20 wherein the compound is
  - (R)-N-Benzyl-2 acetamido-3-methoxy- propionamide;

O-methyl-N-acetyl-D-serine-m-fluorobenzylamide;

O-methyl-N-acetyl-D-serine-p-fluorobenzylamide;

N-acetyl-D-phenylglycinebenzylamide;

D-1,2-(N, O-dimethylhydroxylamino)-2 acetamide acetic acid benzylamide; or

D-1,2-(O-methylhydroxylamino)-2-acetamide acetic acid benzylamide.

35-55. (Cancelled)

56. (Original) The method according to Claim 20 wherein the carbon atom which is substituted by R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> is in the D configuration.

57-62. (Cancelled)

63. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 20 wherein Ar is unsubstituted aryl or aryl substituted with an said electron donating or electron withdrawing group and wherein the compound has the formula:

and Q is lower alkoxy.

- 64. (Original) The method according to Claim 63 wherein Q is methoxy.
- 65. (Original) The method according to Claim 63 wherein Q is methoxy and Ar is unsubstituted aryl or aryl substituted with halo.
- 66. (Original) The method according to Claim 63 wherein the carbon atom which is bonded to CH<sub>2</sub>Q is in the D configuration.
- 67. (Original) The method according to Claim 63 wherein the carbon atom which is bonded to CH<sub>2</sub>Q is in the D configuration.
  - 68-72. (Cancelled)
- 73. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 63 wherein Ar is unsubstituted aryl or aryl substituted with halo.

- 74. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20 wherein R is benzyl which may be unsubstituted or substituted with an electron withdrawing group or electron donating group.
  - 75. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20 where  $R_1$  is methyl.
- 76. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20 wherein R is benzyl, R<sub>1</sub> is lower alkyl and R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen.
- 77. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 76 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is CH<sub>2</sub>Q, NR<sub>4</sub>OR<sub>5</sub> or NR<sub>4</sub>NR<sub>5</sub>R<sub>7</sub>, wherein Q is lower alkoxy, R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen or alkyl containing 1-3 carbon atoms, R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen or alkyl containing 1-3 carbon atoms and R<sub>7</sub> is hydrogen or alkyl containing 1-3 carbon atoms.
  - 78. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 77 wherein  $R_3$  is  $CH_2Q$ .
- 79. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20 wherein R<sub>1</sub> is methyl, R is benzyl, R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, and R<sub>3</sub> is CH<sub>2</sub>Q wherein Q is methoxy.
- 80. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20 wherein R<sub>1</sub> is methyl, R is m-fluorobenzyl, R<sub>2</sub> is H and R<sub>3</sub> is CH<sub>2</sub>Q, wherein Q is methoxy.

- 81. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20 wherein  $R_1$  is methyl, R is p-fluorobenzyl,  $R_2$  is H, and  $R_3$  is  $CH_2Q$  wherein Q is methoxy.
- 82. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20 wherein  $R_1$  is methyl,  $R_2$  is hydrogen and  $R_3$  is phenyl.
- 83. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20 wherein R<sub>1</sub> is methyl, R is benzyl, R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen and R<sub>3</sub> is N(CH<sub>3</sub>)OCH<sub>3</sub>.
- 84. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20 wherein  $R_1$  is methyl,  $R_2$  is hydrogen and  $R_3$  is NH(OCH<sub>3</sub>).
- 85. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 20 wherein R<sub>1</sub> is methyl, R is fluorophenyl, R<sub>2</sub> is H, and R<sub>3</sub> is CH<sub>2</sub>Q, wherein Q is methoxy.
- 86. (Currently Amended) A method for the prophylaxis or treatment of migraine headaches in a patient comprising administering to said patient a headache relieving effective amount of a compound of the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R-NH & \begin{array}{c|c} & R_2 \\ & \end{array} \\ \hline & C-CNH & \begin{array}{c|c} \end{array} \\ C-R_1 \\ \hline & O & R_3 & O \end{array}$$

R is aryl lower alkyl and R is unsubstituted or is substituted with at least one electron withdrawing group or electron donating group selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, formyl, aryl, trifluoromethyl, aryl lower alkanoyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl, mercapto, lower alkylthio, and lower alkyldithio;

R<sub>1</sub> is methyl, and is unsubstituted or substituted with an electron donating group or an electron withdrawing group selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, formyl, aryl, trifluoromethyl, lower alkoxy carbonyl, aryl lower alkanoyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl, mercapto, lower alkylthio, and lower alkyldithio;

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, aryl, aryl lower alkyl, halo, heterocyclic, heterocyclic lower alkyl, lower alkyl heterocyclic, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkyl lower alkyl, or ZY;

R<sub>3</sub> is lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, aryl, aryl lower alkyl, halo, heterocyclic, heterocyclic lower alkyl, lower alkyl heterocyclic, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkyl lower alkyl or ZY;

wherein R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> may be unsubstituted or substituted with at least one electron withdrawing group or electron donating group and wherein heterocyclic in R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> is furyl, thienyl, pyrazolyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, piperidyl, pyrrolinyl, piperazinyl, quinolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl, isoquinolyl, benzofuryl, benzothienyl, morpholinyl, benzoxazolyl, tetrahydrofuryl, pyranyl, indazolyl, purinyl, indolinyl, pyrazolindinyl, imidazolinyl, imidazolindinyl, pyrrolidinyl, furazanyl, N-methylindolyl, methylfuryl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, epoxy, aziridino, oxetanyl or azetidinyl;

Z is O, or  $NR_6$ ';

Y is hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, aryl lower alkyl, lower alkenyl or lower alkynyl, and Y may be unsubstituted or substituted with an electron donating group or an electron withdrawing group, or

ZY taken together is  $NR_4NR_5R_7$ ,  $NR_4OR_5$ , or  $ONR_4R_7$ ;

R<sub>6</sub>' is hydrogen or lower alkyl;

 $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl, aryl lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, or lower alkynyl, and  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  may be independently unsubstituted or substituted with an electron withdrawing group or an electron donating group;

R<sub>7</sub> is COOR<sub>8</sub>, COR<sub>8</sub>, hydrogen, lower alkyl, aryl or aryl lower alkyl, which R<sub>7</sub> may be unsubstituted or substituted with an electron withdrawing group or electron donating group;

R<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen or lower alkyl, or aryl lower alkyl, and the aryl or alkyl group may be unsubstituted or substituted with an electron withdrawing group or an electron donating group; and

n is 1.

87. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 86 wherein  $R_1$  is methyl which is

unsubstituted.

88. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 86 wherein R is benzyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl ring with an said electron donating group or electron withdrawing group.

- 89. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 87 wherein R is benzyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl ring with an said electron donating group or electron withdrawing group.
  - 90. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 86 wherein  $R_2$  is hydrogen.
  - 91. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 87 wherein  $R_2$  is hydrogen.
  - 92. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 88 wherein  $R_2$  is hydrogen.
    - 93. Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 89 wherein R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen.
- 94. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 86 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is a lower alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted with an electron donating group or electron withdrawing group selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, carboxy, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, formyl, aryl, carboxyamido, trifluoromethyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aryl lower alkanoyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, dilower alkylamino, aryloxy, mercapto or lower alkylthio.

95. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 87 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is a lower alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted with an electron donating group or electron withdrawing group selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, carboxy, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, formyl, aryl, carboxyamido, trifluoromethyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aryl lower alkanoyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, dilower alkylamino, aryloxy, mercapto or lower alkylthio.

96. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 88 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is a lower alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted with an electron donating group or electron withdrawing group selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, carboxy, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, formyl, aryl, carboxyamido, trifluoromethyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aryl lower alkanoyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, dilower alkylamino, aryloxy, mercapto or lower alkylthio.

97. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 89 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is a lower alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted with an electron donating group or electron withdrawing group selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, carboxy, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, formyl, aryl, carboxyamido, trifluoromethyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aryl lower alkanoyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, dilower alkylamino, aryloxy, mercapto or lower alkylthio.

98. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 90 wherein  $R_3$  is a lower alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted with an electron donating group or electron withdrawing group selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, carboxy, lower alkenyl,

lower alkynyl, formyl, aryl, carboxyamido, trifluoromethyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aryl lower alkanoyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, dilower alkylamino, aryloxy, mercapto or lower alkylthio.

99. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 91 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is a lower alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted with an electron donating group or electron withdrawing group selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, carboxy, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, formyl, aryl, carboxyamido, trifluoromethyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aryl lower alkanoyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, dilower alkylamino, aryloxy, mercapto or lower alkylthio.

100. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 92 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is a lower alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted with an electron donating group or electron withdrawing group selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, carboxy, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, formyl, aryl, carboxyamido, trifluoromethyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aryl lower alkanoyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, dilower alkylamino, aryloxy, mercapto or lower alkylthio.

101. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 93 wherein  $R_3$  is a lower alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted with an electron donating group or electron withdrawing group selected from the group consisting of halo, nitro, carboxy, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, formyl, aryl, carboxyamido, trifluoromethyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aryl lower alkanoyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, dilower alkylamino, aryloxy, mercapto or lower alkylthio.

102. (Currently Amended) The method according to any one of Claims 86-101 wherein  $R_3$  is lower alkyl substituted by an said electron donating group.

103. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 102 wherein  $R_3$  is lower alkyl substituted by lower alkoxy.